## Moku:Pro

## Specifications



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## Moku:Pro Hardware

## Specifications

## Analog I/O

Analog inputs

| Channels | 4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Bandwidth (-3 dB) | $300 \mathrm{MHz} / 600 \mathrm{MHz}$ switchable |
| Sampling rate | $5 \mathrm{GSa} / \mathrm{s}$ with 1 channel, and $1.25 \mathrm{GSa} / \mathrm{s}$ with 4 channels |
| Resolution | 10 bits (high bandwidth) / 18 bits (low bandwidth) |
| Maximum voltage range | 40 Vpp into $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega 1$ |
| Input impedance | $50 \Omega / 1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| Input coupling | $\mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC}$ |
| AC coupling corner $(-3 \mathrm{~dB})^{2}$ | 160 kHz into $50 \Omega$ |
|  | 16 Hz into $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| Input referred noise | $30 \mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ at 100 Hz |
|  | $20 \mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ at $10 \mathrm{MHz}(1.25 \mathrm{GSa} / \mathrm{s}$ acquisition rate) |
| Effective number of bits (ENOB) | $8.8 \mathrm{nV} / \mathrm{VHz}$ at $10 \mathrm{MHz}(5 \mathrm{GSa} / \mathrm{s}$ acquisition rate) |
| Connector | BNC |

Analog outputs

| Channels | 4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Bandwidth (maximum output <br> frequency) | $500 \mathrm{MHz}\left(2 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {pp }}\right.$ into $\left.50 \Omega\right), 100 \mathrm{MHz}\left(10 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {pp }}\right.$ into $\left.50 \Omega\right)$ |
| Sampling rate | $1.25 \mathrm{GSa} / \mathrm{s}$ per channel |
| Resolution | 16 -bit |
| Voltage range | $10 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {pp }}$ into $50 \Omega$ |
| Output impedance | $50 \Omega$ |
| Output coupling | DC |
| Connector | BNC |

[^0]
## Clock reference

Onboard clock

| Frequency | 10 MHz |
| :--- | :--- |
| Stability | $<300 \mathrm{ppb}$ |

10 MHz reference input

| Expected waveforms | Sine / square |
| :--- | :--- |
| Input frequency | $10 \mathrm{MHz} \pm 20 \mathrm{kHz}$ |
| Input range | 300 mV pp to $2 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pp}}$ |
| Input impedance | $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Input coupling | AC coupled |
| Connector | BNC |

10 MHz reference output

| Waveform type | Square |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output frequency | 10 MHz |
| Output level | 1.4 VPP |
| Output impedance | $50 \Omega$ |
| Output coupling | AC coupled |
| Connector | BNC |
| Storage |  |
| Internal SSD drive | 240 GB |

## General characteristics

General and environmental characteristics

| Power consumption | 115 W typical |
| :--- | :--- |
| Power voltage range | $100-240 \mathrm{~V}^{\sim}+/-10 \%, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
|  | The equipment shall be plugged into a socket outlet with reliable <br> protective earthing contact. |
| Temperature | Operating: 0 to $+45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Non-operating: -10 to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Do not obstruct the cooling fan outlets. 20 cm ventilation clearance is <br> required. |
| Humidity | R.H. $5 \%$ to $95 \%$ noncondensing |
| Operating Altitude | Up to 10,000 feet ( 3000 m ) |
| Other requirements | Intended for indoor use only |
| Pollution degree | 2 |

Electromagnetic compliance

## © FCCG皆

Physical characteristics

| Dimensions | Width: $440 \mathrm{~mm}(17.32 \mathrm{in})$. <br> Depth: $330 \mathrm{~mm}(13.0 \mathrm{in})$. <br> Height: $65 \mathrm{~mm}(2.56 \mathrm{in})$. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Weight | $6.7 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{(14.77lb)}$ |

## General connectivity

## Connectivity

| Analog inputs | $4 \times$ BNC |
| :--- | :--- |
| Analog outputs | $4 \times$ BNC |
| Network | Ethernet $(10 / 100 / 1000$ Base-T $)$ |
| Wi-Fi $802.11 \mathrm{~b} / \mathrm{g} / \mathrm{h}$ |  |
| External trigger input | Type-C $/ /$ For connecting to the Moku:Pro via USB |
| 10 MHz clock reference input | BNC |
| 10 MHz clock reference output | BNC |

Available accessories

| Rack mount brackets | $\times 2 / /$ secured by 4 screws each (supplied) |
| :--- | :--- |
| P-500 | $500 \mathrm{MHz} \mathrm{10:1}$ passive probe (optional) |



## Safety Information

Safety

| Manufacturer | Liquid Instruments Pty Ltd, 243 Northbourne Avenue, Suite 1, Level 1, <br> Lyneham, ACT 2602, Australia |
| :--- | :--- |
| Cleaning | Clean loose dust on exterior with lint-free, dry cloth. |
| Impairment | If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, <br> the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired. |
| Power cable | Do not use a mains power supply cord other than the one provided by <br> the manufacturer. <br> Please contact the manufacturer/representative office if a replacement <br> mains power supply cord is needed. |

Symbols


Caution: Consult accompanying documents

Warning: Risk of electric shock

## Hardware measurements

ADC input noise
$50 \Omega$ // DC coupled // OdB attenuation
Acquisition mode: Precision










## Analog output noise

One-tone spectral measurement ( $50 \mathrm{MHz},-6 \mathrm{dBm}, 10 \mathrm{~Hz}$ RBW, 10 kHz span)


One-tone spectral measurement ( $50 \mathrm{MHz},-6 \mathrm{dBm}, 100 \mathrm{kHz}$ RBW, 500 MHz span) Analog output one-tone spectral measurement
( $50 \mathrm{MHz},-6 \mathrm{~dB}, 100 \mathrm{kHz}$ resolution bandwidth, 500 MHz span)


## Moku:Pro Arbitrary Waveform Generator

## Description

Moku:Pro Arbitrary Waveform Generator can generate four custom waveforms with up to 65,536 points and sample rates ranging from $312.5 \mathrm{MSa} / \mathrm{s}$ to $1.25 \mathrm{GSa} / \mathrm{s}$. Waveforms can be loaded from a file or input as a piecewise mathematical function with up to 32 segments, enabling you to generate truly arbitrary waveforms. In burst mode, waveform generation can be triggered from input channels with start or n cycle modes. In pulsed mode, waveforms can be output with more than 262,144 cycles of dead time between pulses.


## Features

- Four independent AWG channels with up to 500 MHz bandwidth
- Choose between preset waveforms, load points from a file, or input an equation directly
- Phase synchronization output between the four channels
- Configure pulsed output with up to 262,144 cycles of dead time between pulses


## Specifications

## Common

Overview

| Channels | 4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Sampling rate | $312.5 \mathrm{MSa} / \mathrm{s}, 625 \mathrm{MSa} / \mathrm{s}, 1.25 \mathrm{GSa} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Source impedance | $50 \Omega$ |
| Output load | $50 \Omega / 1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| Waveforms | Sine, Gaussian, Exponential Fall, Exponential Rise, Sinc, Equation, Cardiac, <br> Custom (from file) |

## Amplitude

| Output voltage range | 2 Vpp at $625 \mathrm{MSa} / \mathrm{s}$ and $1.25 \mathrm{GSa} / \mathrm{s}$ <br>  <br> 10 Vpp at $312.5 \mathrm{MSa} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Resolution | $100 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ |

DC offset

| Range (peak AC + DC) | $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ into $50 \Omega$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ into high impedance |
| Resolution | $100 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ |

Phase offset

| Range | $0^{\circ}$ to $360^{\circ}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Resolution | $0.000001^{\circ}$ |

## Waveform

## Custom

| Maximum output rate | 312.5 MSa/s | 65,536 points |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $625 \mathrm{MSa} / \mathrm{s}$ | 32,768 points |
|  | 1.25 GSa/s | 16,384 points |
| Text file type | Comma- or newline-delimited text |  |
| File import options | Clipboard, My Files, Desktop file |  |
| Interpolation | None, Linear |  |
| Minimum edge time | 2 ns |  |
| Overshoot | $\leq 10 \%$ for edge times between 4 ns and 8 ns $\leq 2 \%$ for edge times greater than 8 ns |  |
| Period range | 4 ns to 1 ks |  |

## Moku:Pro Frequency Response Analyzer

## Description

Moku:Pro Frequency Response Analyzer enables you to measure the frequency response of a system in both magnitude and phase using a swept sine output from 10 mHz to 500 MHz with a noise floor as low as - 135 dBm . Moku:Pro is equipped with four inputs and four outputs ports, enabling differential or ratio metric measurements. Select up to 8192 points per sweep and configure settling and averaging times to balance total sweep duration and signal-to-noise ratio.


## Features

- Linear or logarithmic swept sine output
- Math channel to add, subtract, multiply, or divide response functions as they are acquired, or calculate arbitrary complex-valued equations
- Saturation detection and dynamic output amplitude control optimizes response detail
- Demodulate up to the 15 th harmonic


## Specifications

## Source

Source

| Waveform | Sine |
| :--- | :--- |
| Frequency range | 10 mHz to 500 MHz |
| Sweep type | Linear / Logarithmic |
| Sweep points | $32,64,128,256,512,1024,2048,4096,8192$ |
| Output amplitude range | $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{mV}$ to $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ into $50 \Omega$ |
| Source impedance | $50 \Omega$ |

## Input

| Input characteristics |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Input impedance | $50 \Omega / 1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| Input coupling | $\mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC}$ |
| Input attenuation | $0 \mathrm{~dB} / 20 \mathrm{~dB} / 40 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| Input voltage range | 0.4 Vpp into $50 \Omega$ with 0 dB attenuation |
|  | 4 Vpp into $50 \Omega$ with 20 dB attenuation |
|  | 40 Vpp into $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ with 40 dB attenuation |
| Input noise | $30 \mathrm{nV} / \mathrm{VHz} @ 100 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Crosstalk | $<60 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| Noise floor | $<100 \mathrm{kHz}:<-125 \mathrm{dBm}$ |
|  | $100 \mathrm{kHz}-500 \mathrm{MHz}:<-135 \mathrm{dBm}$ |

## Measurement

| Measurement mode | In/Out (dB), $\ln / \ln 1(\mathrm{~dB})$ or $\ln (\mathrm{dBm}, \mathrm{dBVpp}, \mathrm{dBV}$ rms) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Settling time | Min. Greater of $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ or 1 cycle |
|  | Max. 10.0 seconds |
| Averaging time | Min. Greater of $1 \mu s$ or 1 cycle |
|  | Max. 10.0 seconds |
| Normalization | Normalizes magnitude and phase using a reference sweep ${ }^{3}$ |
| Absolute gain error | $<0.05 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| Absolute phase error | $<0.5^{\circ}$ |

[^1]Saving Data
Saving data

| File formats | Plain text: records data using a standard *.csv format <br>  <br> MATLAB: records data using MathWorks' *. mat format which can be <br> opened using MATLAB |
| :--- | :--- |
| Export modes | Dropbox, E-mail, My Files (iOS 11), Desktop, and iCloud |

## (a)

## Moku:Pro Data Logger

## Description

Moku:Pro Data Logger enables you to log data to its 240 GB internal solid-state drive with sampling rates of up to 10 MSa /s. Four inputs are equipped with dual 10-bit and 18-bit ADCs. With blended ADC technology, input noise is down to $30 \mathrm{nV} \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ at 100 Hz , providing ultralow noise data logging from acoustic to RF frequencies. Moku:Pro is also equipped with a 10 MHz clock synchronization $\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}$, and four 500 MHz outputs, allowing flexible integration with other electronics.


## Features

- Log voltage data on four independent channels to its 240 GB SSD
- Built-in four-channel 500 MHz waveform generator
- 10 MHz clock synchronization ports
- Easily export data to computer, Dropbox, and other cloud-based services
- Schedule your log to start with a delay of up to 10 days


## Specifications

## Input

Voltage

| Input voltage range | 0.4 V Vp into $50 \Omega$ with 0 dB attenuation |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | 4 V VP into $50 \Omega$ with 20 dB attenuation |
|  | 40 Vpp into $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ with 40 dB attenuation |
| Input impedance | $50 \Omega / 1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| Input coupling | $\mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC}$ |

## Logging

Acquisition

| File formats | Binary: Records data using a proprietary LI format for high-speed <br> data logging. |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Data saved using the LI format may be converted to other formats <br> when downloading from Moku. iPad can convert to .CSV, MATLAB or <br> NumPy. Desktop can convert to .CSV, MATLAB, NumPy or HDF5. |
| Export modes | Dropbox, E-mail, My Files (iOS 11), Desktop, and iCloud |
| Maximum sampling rate | $10 \mathrm{MSa} / \mathrm{s}$ for 1 channel |
| Delayed log start time | MSa/s for 2 channels |
| Log duration | Up to 240 hours for 4 channels |

## Moku:Pro Digital Filter Box

## Description

With Moku:Pro Digital Filter Box, you can interactively design and generate different types of infinite impulse response filters with output sampling rates of $305.18 \mathrm{kHz}, 4.8828 \mathrm{MHz}$, or 39.063 MHz . Select between lowpass, highpass, bandpass, and bandstop filter shapes with up to eight fully configurable types including Butterworth, Chebyshev, and Elliptic.


## Features

- Design IIR filters using an interactive Bode plot
- Observe and log signals at different stages in the digital signal processing chain using probe points ${ }^{4}$
- View the frequency response of your filter in both magnitude and phase

[^2]- Filter up to four channels of data simultaneously with the ability to linearly combine input signals
- Implement custom filters by uploading your own coefficients


## Specifications

## Inputs

Input characteristics

| Channels | 4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Input control matrix coefficients | -20 to +20 |
| Input impedance | $50 \Omega / 1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| Input coupling | $\mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC}$ |
| Input attenuation | $0 \mathrm{~dB} / 20 \mathrm{~dB} / 40 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| Input voltage range | $0.4 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {pp }}$ into $50 \Omega$ with 0 dB attenuation |
|  | $4 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pp}}$ into $50 \Omega$ with 20 dB attenuation |
|  | $40 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {pp }}$ into $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ with 40 dB attenuation |

## Filter characteristics

Pre-filter

| Input offset range | $\pm 1 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Input offset resolution | 1 mV |
| Input gain range | -40 dB to +40 dB |
| Input gain resolution | 0.1 dB |

Post-filter

| Output offset range | $\pm 1 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output offset resolution | 100 uV |
| Output gain range | -40 dB to +40 dB |
| Output gain resolution | 0.1 dB |

General filter characteristics

| Filter shapes | Lowpass, Highpass, Bandpass, Bandstop, Custom |
| :--- | :--- |
| Sampling rates | $305.18 \mathrm{kHz}, 4.8828 \mathrm{MHz}, 39.063 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
| Filter types | Butterworth, Chebyshev I, Chebyshev II, Elliptic, Cascaded, Bessel, <br> Gaussian, Legendre |
| Passband ripple | 0.1 dB to 10 dB |
| Stopband attenuation | 10 dB to 100 dB |
| Zoom view | Allows you to zoom in on the filter's frequency response |

## Lowpass filter

Filter order $\quad 2,4,6,8$

Lowpass filter
Lowpass corner frequency $\quad 58.63 \mathrm{mHz}$ to 137.3 kHz at 305.18 kHz sampling rate 7.505 Hz to 17.58 MHz at 39.063 MHz sampling rate

Highpass filter

| Filter order | $2,4,6,8$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| High-pass corner frequency | 723.7 mHz to 137.3 kHz at 305.18 kHz sampling rate |
|  | 92.63 Hz to 17.58 MHz at 39.063 MHz sampling rate |

## Bandpass / bandstop filter

| Filter order | 2,4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Low-corner frequency | 3.052 Hz to 137.3 kHz at 305.18 kHz sampling rate |
| High-corner frequency | 390.6 Hz to 17.58 MHz at 39.063 MHz sampling rate |
| Minimum bandwidth | 3.442 Hz to 137.3 kHz at 305.18 kHz sampling rate |
|  | 440.6 Hz to 17.58 MHz at 39.063 MHz sampling rate |

## Selecting the right IIR filter

Filter type

| Butterworth | Butterworth filters have a maximally flat passband and a monotonic <br> frequency response, making them a good all-around filter type suitable <br> for most applications. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Chebyshev I | Chebyshev I filters have ripple in the passband but a sharper transition <br> than Butterworth filters, making them useful for applications requiring <br> aggressive stopband attenuation but can tolerate passband ripple <br> between 0.1 dB and 10 dB. |
| Chebyshev II | Chebyshev II filters have ripple in the stopband but a sharper transition <br> than Butterworth filters, making them useful in applications requiring <br> flat passbands and aggressive stopband attenuation. |
| Elliptic | Elliptic (Cauer) filters have ripple in both the passband and stopband, <br> but also have the sharpest possible transition. Elliptic filters are useful <br> in applications requiring extremely aggressive stopband attenuation. |
| Cascaded | Cascaded first-order filters have zero overshoot in the time domain. |
| Bessel | Bessel filters have maximally flat group and phase delay in the <br> passband, thus preserving the wave shape of passband signals. |
| Gaussian | Gaussian filters have the minimum possible group delay, a step <br> response with no overshoot, and minimum rise and fall time. |
| Legendre | Legendre (Optimum L) filters have the sharpest possible transition <br> while maintaining a monotonic frequency response. |

## Moku:Pro FIR Filter Builder

## Description

With the Moku:Pro FIR Filter Builder, you can design and implement lowpass, highpass, bandpass, and bandstop finite impulse response (FIR) filters with up to 14,819 coefficients and sample rate up to 39.06 MHz . Select between four frequency response shapes, four common impulse responses, and seven windows functions; or define the impulse response by equation or custom coefficients.


## Features

- Design filters in the time or frequency domain using common impulse responses and window functions
- Upload your own filter coefficients, or define a custom impulse response in the equation editor
- View your filter's complex transfer function, impulse and step response, or group and phase delay
- Filter up to four channels of data simultaneously with the ability to linearly combine input signals
- Observe and log signals at different stages in the digital signal processing chain using probe points ${ }^{5}$


## Specifications

Inputs
Input characteristics

| Channels | 4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Input control matrix coefficients | -20 to +20 |
| Input impedance | $50 \Omega / 1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| Input coupling | $\mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC}$ |
| Input attenuation | $0 \mathrm{~dB} / 20 \mathrm{~dB} / 40 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| Input voltage range | $0.4 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {pp }}$ into $50 \Omega$ with 0 dB attenuation |
|  | $4 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {pp }}$ into $50 \Omega$ with 20 dB attenuation |
|  | $40 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {pp }}$ into $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ with 40 dB attenuation |

## Filter characteristics

Pre-filter

| Input offset range | $\pm 1 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Input offset resolution | 1 mV |
| Input gain range | -40 dB to +40 dB |
| Input gain resolution | 0.1 dB |

Post-filter

| Output offset range | $\pm 1 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output offset resolution | 100 uV |
| Output gain range | -40 dB to +40 dB |
| Output gain resolution | 0.1 dB |

## General filter characteristics

| Sampling rates | $305.18 \mathrm{kHz}, 610.4 \mathrm{kHz}, 1.221 \mathrm{MHz}, 2.441 \mathrm{MHz}, 4.883 \mathrm{MHz}, 9.766 \mathrm{MHz}$, |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $19.53 \mathrm{MHz}, 39.06 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
| Number of coefficients | 2 to $14819 @ 305.18 \mathrm{kHz}$ |
|  | 2 to $14819 @ 610.4 \mathrm{kHz}$ |
|  | 2 to $7424 @ 1.221 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
|  | 2 to $3712 @ 2.441 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
|  | 2 to $1856 @ 4.883 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
|  | 2 to $928 @ 9.766 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
|  | 2 to $464 @ 19.53 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
|  | 2 to $232 @ 39.06 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
| Design domains | Time (impulse) |
|  | Frequency (frequency)) |

[^3]General filter characteristics

| Display options | Magnitude / Phase <br> Impulse / Step Response <br> Group / Phase Delay |
| :--- | :--- |
| Frequency response | Lowpass, highpass, bandpass, bandstop |
| Impulse response | Rectangular, Sinc, Triangular, Gaussian, Equation, Custom |
| Window | None, Bartlett, Hann, Hamming, Blackman, Nuttall, Tukey, Kaiser |
| Minimum filter cut-off frequency | Sampling rate / 10,000 <br> e.g. $30.52 ~ H z ~ a t ~ s a m p l e ~ r a t e ~ o f ~$ 305.2 kHz |
| Maximum filter cut-off frequency | Sampling rate / 2 (approximately) <br>  |

## Moku:Pro Laser Lock Box

## Description

Moku:Pro Laser Lock Box enables you to lock a laser's frequency to a reference cavity or atomic transition using high-performance modulation locking techniques. The Laser Lock Box includes a "Lock Assist" feature, enabling you to quickly lock to any zero-crossing on the demodulated error signal. With Multi-instrument Mode (MiM), you can deploy up to four laser lock modules simultaneously on a single Moku:Pro. Each module shares the same clock base from the internal or an external source. This is an ideal solution for multi-laser stabilization systems.


## Features

- Generate modulation signals at up to 600 MHz
- Demodulate signals with an internal local oscillator, or external local oscillator at the fundamental or up to the $250^{\text {th }}$ harmonic
- Scan resonances with sawtooth or triangle waveforms at up to 10 MHz
- Observe and log signals at different stages in the digital signal processing chain using probe points ${ }^{6}$
- Quickly lock to any zero-crossing in the error signal using the "Lock Assist" feature
- Filter demodulated signals with up to fourth order infinite impulse response filters
- Individually configure high- and low-bandwidth PID controllers for fast and slow feedback

[^4]
## Specifications

## Signal input

Signal input

| Input coupling | AC / DC |
| :---: | :---: |
| Input impedance | $50 \Omega / 1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| Frequency range | DC to 600 MHz |
| Input gain ${ }^{7}$ | $-40 \mathrm{~dB} /-20 \mathrm{~dB} / 0 \mathrm{~dB} /+24 \mathrm{~dB} /+48 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| Gain accuracy | $\pm 1 \%$ |
| Input range | $40 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pp}}$ with -40 dB input gain $4 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pp}}$ with -20 dB input gain $0.4 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pp}}$ with 0 dB input gain $25 \mathrm{mV}_{\mathrm{pp}}$ with +24 dB input gain ${ }^{7}$ 1.6 mV with +48 dB input gain ${ }^{7}$ |
| Input noise | $<20 \mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ above 1 MHz at 400 mV pp input range |

## Internal demodulation local oscillator

Internal reference waveform

| Waveform | Sine |
| :--- | :--- |
| Frequency range | 1 mHz to 600 MHz |
| Frequency resolution | $1 \mu \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Phase offset range | 0 to $360^{\circ}$ |
| Phase offset resolution | $0.000000^{\circ}$ |
| Output impedance | $50 \Omega$ |
| Can be phase-locked to external | Yes |
| 10 MHz timebase? |  |

## External demodulation reference

Demodulation reference input

| Input coupling | $\mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Input impedance | $50 \Omega / 1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| Frequency range | DC to 600 MHz |
| Input attenuation | $40 \mathrm{~dB} / 20 \mathrm{~dB} / 0 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| External reference modes | Internal reference oscillator, external direct, external with <br> phase-locked loop <br> External with phase-locked loop with multiply to $250^{\text {th }}$ harmonic <br> or divide down to $1 / 8^{\text {th }}$ of fundamental |

[^5]Phase-locked loop

| PLL frequency range | 10 Hz to 600 MHz |
| :--- | :--- |
| PLL tracking bandwidth | $1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 10 \mathrm{~Hz}, 100 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{kHz}, 10 \mathrm{kHz}, 100 \mathrm{kHz}, 1 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
| Phase offset range | 0 to $360^{\circ}$ |
| Phase offset resolution | $0.000001^{\circ}$ |
| Orthogonality | $90^{\circ} \pm 0.000,002^{\circ}$ |
| PLL multiplier | $1 / 8^{\text {th }}$ to $250 \times$ of the fundamental |

## Lowpass filter

Lowpass filter

| Filter architecture | Infinite Impulse Response (IIR) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Filter shape | Lowpass, Bandstop, or Custom |
| Sampling rate | 78.125 MHz |
| Filter types | Butterworth, Chebyshev I, Chebyshev II, Elliptic, Cascaded, Bessel, <br> Gaussian, Legendre |
| Filter order | 2,4 |
| Min. corner frequency | 2.601 kHz |
| Max. corner frequency | 35.16 MHz |
| Passband ripple ${ }^{8}$ | 0.1 dB to 10 dB |
| Stopband attenuation ${ }^{9}$ | 10 dB to 100 dB |

## Auxiliary oscillator

## Auxiliary oscillator waveform

| Waveform | Sine |
| :--- | :--- |
| Frequency range | 1 mHz to 500 MHz |
| Frequency resolution | $1 \mu \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Amplitude range (AC) | 1 mV pp to $10 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pp}}$ into $50 \Omega$ |
| Amplitude resolution | 1 mV |
| Offset range (DC) | $\pm 1 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Output limit (AC + DC) | $\pm 1 \mathrm{~V}$ with 0 dB |
|  | $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ with 14 dB |
| Amplitude accuracy | $1 \%$ |
| Output impedance | $50 \Omega$ |
| Can be phase-locked to | Yes |
| demodulation local oscillator? |  |

[^6]
## Scan waveform

Scanning waveform

| Waveform | Positive ramp, Negative ramp, Triangle |
| :--- | :--- |
| Frequency range | 1 mHz to 10 MHz |
| Frequency resolution | $1 \mu \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Amplitude range (AC) | 1 mV pp to $2 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pp}}$ into $50 \Omega$ |
| Amplitude resolution | 1 mV |
| Offset range (DC) | $\pm 1 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Output limit (AC + DC) | $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ into $50 \Omega$ |
| Amplitude accuracy | $1 \%$ |
| Output impedance | $50 \Omega$ |

## PID Controllers

Set point

| Set point range | -1 V to +1 V |
| :--- | :--- |
| Set point resolution | $100 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ |

Fast controller

| Sampling rate | 78 MHz |
| :--- | :--- |
| Proportional gain | $\pm 60 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| Integrator crossover frequency | 3.125 Hz to 312.5 kHz . (single integrator) |
|  | 3.125 Hz to single integrator crossover frequency (double integrator) |
| Int. saturation crossover frequency | 3.125 Hz to integrator crossover frequency |
| Integrator gain range | Proportional gain to +80 dB |
| Differentiator crossover frequency | 31.25 Hz to 3.125 MHz |
| Diff. saturation crossover frequency | Differentiator crossover frequency to 3.125 MHz |
| Differentiator gain range | Proportional gain to +80 dB |

Slow controller

| Sampling rate | 1.22 MHz |
| :--- | :--- |
| Proportional gain | $\pm 60 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| Integrator crossover frequency | 48.83 mHz to 4.883 kHz |
| Int. saturation crossover frequency | 48.83 mHz to integrator crossover frequency |
| Integrator gain range | Proportional gain to +80 dB |
| Differentiator crossover frequency | 488.3 mHz to 48.83 kHz |
| Diff. saturation crossover frequency | Differentiator crossover frequency to 48.83 kHz |
| Differentiator gain range | Proportional gain to +80 dB |

## -

## Moku:Pro Lock-In Amplifier

## Description

Moku:Pro Lock-in Amplifier supports dual-phase demodulation (XY/R $\theta$ ) from 1 mHz to 600 MHz , at up to the $250^{\text {th }}$ harmonic of an externally applied reference, with more than 120 dB dynamic reserve. A PID controller can be placed after the demodulation stage for phase-locked loop applications. An integrated four-channel Oscilloscope and Data Logger lets you observe signals at up to $1.25 \mathrm{GSa} / \mathrm{s}$ and log data at up to $10 \mathrm{MSa} / \mathrm{s}$.


## Features

- Measure signals obscured by noise with more than 120 dB dynamic reserve
- Block diagram view of the digital signal processing chain
- Observe and log signals at different stages in the digital signal processing chain using probe points ${ }^{10}$
- Demodulate signals with an internal local oscillator, or external local oscillator at the fundamental or up to $250^{\text {th }}$ harmonic

[^7]- Toggle between rectangular (X/Y mode) or polar coordinates ( $\mathrm{R} / \theta$ mode)


## Specifications

## Signal channel

Signal input

| Input coupling | AC / DC |
| :---: | :---: |
| Input impedance | $50 \Omega / 1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| AC coupling corner (-3 dB $)^{11}$ | 160 kHz into $50 \Omega$ 16 Hz into $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| Frequency range | DC to 600 MHz |
| Input attenuation | $0 \mathrm{~dB} / 20 \mathrm{~dB} / 40 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| Input range | $0.4 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pp}}$ with OdB input attenuation $4 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pp}}$ with 20 dB input attenuation $40 V_{\text {pp }}$ with 40 dB input attenuation |
| Input noise | $<30 \mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ above 100 Hz at 400 mV pp input range <br> $<200 \mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ above 10 kHz at 400 mV pp input range <br> $<20 \mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ above 1 MHz at 400 mV pp input range |

## External reference

## Reference input

| Input coupling | $\mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Input impedance | $50 \Omega / 1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| Frequency range | DC to 600 MHz |
| Input attenuation | $0 \mathrm{~dB} / 20 \mathrm{~dB} / 40 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| External reference modes | Direct, phase-locked |
| Direct demodulation | $X=\mathrm{R} \cos \theta$ |

Phase-locked loop

| PLL frequency range | 10 Hz to 600 MHz |
| :--- | :--- |
| PLL tracking bandwidth | $1 \mathrm{MHz}, 100 \mathrm{kHz}, 10 \mathrm{kHz}, 1 \mathrm{kHz}, 100 \mathrm{~Hz}, 10 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Phase range | 0 to $360^{\circ}$ |
| Phase resolution | $0.000001^{\circ}$ |
| Demodulation | $\mathrm{XY} / \mathrm{R} \theta$ |
| PLL multiplier | $1 / 8^{\text {th }}$ to 250 x of the fundamental |

## Internal reference

Internal reference waveforms
Waveform Sine

[^8]Internal reference waveforms

| Frequency range | 1 mHz to 600 MHz |
| :--- | :--- |
| Frequency resolution | $1 \mu \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Phase range | 0 to $360^{\circ}$ |
| Phase resolution | $0.000001^{\circ}$ |
| Demodulation | $\mathrm{XY} / \mathrm{R} \theta$ |

## Internal reference auxiliary output

| Amplitude range | 1 mV pp to $10 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {pp }}$ into $50 \Omega$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Amplitude resolution | 1 mV |
| Frequency range | 1 mHz to 500 MHz |
| Offset range | $\pm 1 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Output limit (AC + DC) | $\pm 1 \mathrm{~V}$ with 0 dB |
|  | $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ with 14 dB |
| Amplitude accuracy | $1 \%$ |
| Output impedance | $50 \Omega$ |
| Can be phase-locked to external | Yes |
| 10 MHz time base? |  |

## Demodulator

## Demodulator characteristics

| Sources | Internal reference oscillator, external direct, external with <br> phase-locked loop <br> External with phase-locked loop with multiply to $250^{\text {th }}$ harmonic <br> or divide down to $1 / 8^{\text {th }}$ of fundamental |
| :--- | :--- |
| Types | Internal: $\mathrm{XY} / \mathrm{R} \mathrm{\theta}$ <br> External direct: $\mathrm{X}=\mathrm{Rcos} \theta$ <br> External with PLL: XY / R $\theta$ |
| Filter mode | Lowpass filter |
| Filter cutoff frequency $(-3 \mathrm{~dB})$ | 700 mHz to 12.4 MHz |
| Filter time constant | 12.8 ns to 0.215 s |
| Filter slope | $6,12,18,24 \mathrm{~dB}$ per octave |
| Phase shift precision | $0.0000010^{\circ}$ |
| Dynamic reserve | $>120 \mathrm{~dB}$ |

## Signal output

Output characteristics

| Modes | $X Y$ (cartesian mode); RӨ (polar mode); Auxiliary Oscillator |
| :--- | :--- |
| Number of output channels | 2 |
| Channel 1 output | $X / R$ |
| Channel 2 output | $Y / \theta$, auxiliary oscillator, or local oscillator |

Output characteristics

| Output gain mode | Direct, PID ${ }^{12}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Gain range (direct) | -80 dB to +160 dB |
| Phase scale (R d mode) | $1 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{cycle}$ |
| Output voltage offset | $\pm 1 \mathrm{~V}$ into $50 \Omega$ |
| Output voltage range (AC + DC) | $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ into $50 \Omega$ |
| Output impedance | $50 \Omega$ |
| D/A conversion | 16 -bits, $1.25 \mathrm{GSa} / \mathrm{s}, 500 \mathrm{MHz}$ analog bandwidth |

PID controller

| Controller frequency range | DC to 40 MHz |
| :--- | :--- |
| Proportional gain | $\pm 120 \mathrm{~dB}(X Y$ mode $), \pm 60 \mathrm{~dB}(R \theta$ mode) |
| Integrator crossover frequency | 3.125 Hz to 312.5 kHz |
| Int. saturation crossover frequency | 3.125 Hz to integrator crossover frequency |
| Integrator gain range | Proportional gain to +120 dB (XY mode), +80 dB (RQ mode) |
| Differentiator crossover frequency | 31.25 Hz to 3.125 MHz |
| Diff. saturation crossover frequency | Differentiator crossover frequency to 3.125 MHz |
| Differentiator gain range | Proportional gain to +120 dB (XY mode), +80 dB (RQ mode) |

[^9]
# Moku:Pro Logic Analyzer (Multi-instrument Mode) 

## Description

Moku:Pro Logic Analyzer ${ }^{13}$ is equipped with one digital input and two digital outputs with sampling rates up to 1.25 GSa/s. It supports $262 \mathrm{k} \times 16$ input sample depth and up to $32,764 \times 16$ output sample depth. Data, screenshots, and instrument settings can be captured and downloaded to the computer.


## Features

- 16 -bit single channel ${ }^{14}$ digital input with a sampling rate up to $1.25 \mathrm{GSa} / \mathrm{s}$.
- Two outputs that include selectable clock, pulse, and random patterns, or upload a custom file.
- Ultra deep $262 \mathrm{k} \times 16$ points input memory depth, $32,764 \times 16$ points output memory depth.
- Decode up to two protocols at a time, including UART, SPI, $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$, and $I^{2} \mathrm{~S}$.
- Powerful, intuitive graphical user interface with Python, and MATLAB API support.

[^10]
## Specifications

## Digital I/O ${ }^{15}$

Interface
Number of $1 / \mathrm{O} 3$

I/O sources Input A, Output A, Output B

Horizontal characteristics
Acquisition

| Sampling rate | $1.25 \mathrm{GSa} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Memory depth | 262 k points per channel |
| Maximum clock signal frequency | 1.25 GHz |

Generation

| Sampling rate | $1.25 \mathrm{GSa} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Memory depth | 32,764 points per channel |
| Maximum clock signal frequency | 1.25 GHz |
| Clock divider | 1 to $1,000,000$ |

## Trigger

## Trigger

| Trigger modes | Auto: | Triggers automatically after timeout (1 second if previously <br> triggered, 0.05 seconds otherwise) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Normal: | Triggers only on trigger event |  |
| Single: | Triggers once on a trigger event. Press the 'play' button to <br> re-trigger |  |
| Trigger sources | An input bit |  |
| Nth event | Trigger on the $1^{\text {st }}$ to $65,535^{\text {th }}$ event |  |
| Holdoff | up to 10 seconds |  |
| Trigger types | Edge or pulse |  |

## Measurements

## Measurements

| Time measurements | Frequency, phase, period, duty cycle, positive pulse width, negative <br> pulse width |
| :--- | :--- |
| Math | AND, OR, XOR, NAND, NOR, XNOR |

[^11]
## Protocol Decoder

UART

| Data width | 5 bits to 9 bits |
| :--- | :--- |
| Stop width | 1 bit to 2 bits |
| Parity | None, Even, Odd |
| Baud rate | 1 to $2,000,000$ |
| Bit order | LSB first, MSB first |
| Max standard baud rate | 921,600 |

SPI

| CLK | Serial Clock bit |
| :--- | :--- |
| CS | Chip Select bit |
| DATA | Serial Data bit |
| Data width | 5 bits to 9 bits |
| Bit order | LSB first, MSB first |
| Clock polarity | Idle low, Idle high |
| Clock phase | Sample on leading, Sample on trailing |
| Max decoder frequency | 30 MHz |

$I^{2} \mathrm{C}$

| Address size | 7 bits |
| :--- | :--- |
| SCL |  |
| SDA | Serial clock bit |
| Max decoder frequency | Serial data bit |

$I^{2} S$

| SCK | Serial clock bit |
| :--- | :--- |
| WS | Word select bit |
| SD | Serial data bit |
| Bit order | LSB first, MSB first |
| Offset | Number of clock cycle to wait after WS transition before data <br> transmission starts |
| Data Width | 2 bits to 32 bits |
| Max decoder frequency | 40 MHz |

[^12]
## Saving data

## Exporting data

| File formats | Binary: records data using a proprietary LI format for high-speed data <br> logging. Can be converted to .csv, .txt, .mat, .npy, and HDF5. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Export modes | Dropbox, email, iCloud, and My Files (iOS $11 /$ Windows 10 or later) |

Export types

| Traces | Save 1024 points of data from each visible input bit in the current time <br> span |
| :--- | :--- |
| Protocol data | Save protocol decoder states and data as comma-separated values |
| Screenshot | Save the app window as a PNG or JPG |
| Settings | Save the current instruments settings to a text file |
| Measurements | Save all active measurements as comma-separated values |
| High-res data | Save up to 262 k points per active bit |

## 几 <br> 凸๘

## Moku：Pro Logic Analyzer （Single－instrument Mode）

## Description

Moku：Pro Logic Analyzer ${ }^{17}$ is equipped with five digital inputs with sampling rates up to 1.25 GSa ／s．It supports $262 \mathrm{k} \times 3$ input sample depth．Data，screenshots，and instrument settings can be captured and downloaded to the computer．


## Features

－ 16 －bit single channel ${ }^{18}$ digital input with a sampling rate up to $1.25 \mathrm{GSa} / \mathrm{s}$ ．
－Ultra deep 262k $\times 3$ points input memory depth．
－Decode up to two protocols at a time，including UART，SPI，$I^{2} C$ ，and $I^{2} S$ ．
－Powerful，intuitive graphical user interface with Python，and MATLAB API support．

[^13]
## Specifications

## Analog Inputs ${ }^{19}$

## Interface

| Number of Inputs | 5 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Input sources | Input 1, Input 2, Input 3, Input 4, External Trigger |
| Threshold voltage range | -20 V to 20 V |

## Horizontal characteristics

## Acquisition

| Sampling rate | $1.25 \mathrm{GSa} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Memory depth | 262 k points per channel |
| Maximum clock signal frequency | 1.25 GHz |

## Trigger

Trigger

| Trigger modes | Auto: | Triggers automatically after timeout (1 second if previously <br> triggered, 0.05 seconds otherwise) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Normal: | Triggers only on trigger event |  |
| Single: | Triggers once on a trigger event. Press the 'play' button to <br> re-trigger |  |
| Trigger sources | Input 1, Input 2, Input 3, Input 4, Ext. trig. |  |
| Nth event | Trigger on the 1st to $65,535^{\text {th }}$ event |  |
| Holdoff | up to 10 seconds |  |
| Trigger types | Edge or pulse |  |

## Measurements

## Measurements

| Time measurements | Frequency, phase, period, duty cycle, positive pulse width, negative <br> pulse width |
| :--- | :--- |
| Math | AND, OR, XOR, NAND, NOR, XNOR |

## Protocol Decoder

| UART |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Data width | 5 bits to 9 bits |
| Stop width | 1 bit to 2 bits |

[^14]UART

| Parity | None, Even, Odd |
| :--- | :--- |
| Baud rate | 1 to $2,000,000$ |
| Bit order | LSB first, MSB first |
| Max standard baud rate | 921,600 |

## SPI

| CLK | Serial clock bit |
| :--- | :--- |
| CS | Chip select bit |
| DATA | Serial data bit |
| Data width | 5 bits to 9 bits |
| Bit order | LSB first, MSB first |
| Clock polarity | Idle low, Idle high |
| Clock phase | Sample on leading, Sample on trailing |
| Max decoder frequency | 30 MHz |

$1^{2} \mathrm{C}$

| Address size | 7 bits |
| :--- | :--- |
| SCL $^{20}$ | Serial clock bit |
| SDA | Serial data bit |
| Max decoder frequency | $>1 \mathrm{MHz}$ |

$I^{2} S$

| SCK | Serial clock bit |
| :--- | :--- |
| WS | Word select bit |
| SD | Serial data bit |
| Bit order | LSB first, MSB first |
| Offset | Number of clock cycle to wait after WS transition before data <br> transmission starts |
| Data Width | 2 bits to 32 bits |
| Max decoder frequency | 40 MHz |

## Saving data

## Exporting data

File formats
Binary: records data using a proprietary LI format for high-speed data logging. Can be converted to .csv, .txt, .mat, .npy, and HDF5.

[^15]Exporting data
Export modes Dropbox, email, iCloud, and My Files (iOS 11 / Windows 10 or later)

Export types

| Traces | Save 1024 points of data from each visible input bit in the current time <br> span |
| :--- | :--- |
| Protocol data | Save protocol decoder states and data as comma-separated values |
| Screenshot | Save the app window as a PNG or JPG |
| Settings | Save the current instruments settings to a text file |
| Measurements | Save all active measurements as comma-separated values |
| High-res data | Save up to 262 k points per active bit |

## M

## Moku:Pro Oscilloscope

## Description

Moku:Pro Oscilloscope features four high-speed, ultra-low noise input channels with 600 MHz analog bandwidth. An innovative blended ADC technology combines the information from 10 bit and 18-bit ADCs to cover a broad spectrum, providing class-leading input noise performance at $30 \mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ at 100 Hz with large dynamic range. The builtin four-channel waveform generators can produce waveforms with a bandwidth of up to 500 MHz .


## Features

- Four analog inputs with 600 MHz bandwidth
- Exceptional low-frequency noise performance: $30 \mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ at 100 Hz
- Dual-ADC design with blended ADC technology
- Ultra-stable 0.3 ppm onboard oscillator with 10 MHz synchronization in and out
- Integrated high-speed waveform generator channels with analog bandwidths up to 500 MHz
- Deep memory captures > 60 million samples


## Specifications

## Vertical characteristics

| Voltage |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Channels | 4 |
| Input coupling | $\mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC}$ |
| Input impedance | $50 \Omega / 1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| Input bandwidth $(-3 \mathrm{~dB})$ | $300 \mathrm{MHz} / 600 \mathrm{MHz}$ switchable |
| Input voltage range | 0.4 V pp into $50 \Omega$ with 0 dB attenuation |
|  | 4 Vpp into $50 \Omega$ with 20 dB attenuation |
|  | 40 Vpp into $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ with 40 dB attenuation |
| Input voltage noise | $<30 \mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ above 10 Hz at 400 mV pp input range |
|  | $<200 \mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ above 1 kHz at 400 mV input range |
|  | $<20 \mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ above 10 MHz at 400 mV pp input range $(1.25 \mathrm{GSa} / \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | acquisition rate) |
|  | $<13 \mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{Hz}$ above 10 MHz at 400 mV pp input range $(5 \mathrm{GSa} / \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | acquisition rate) |

## Horizontal characteristics

## Time

| Time mode | Normal, Roll |
| :--- | :--- |
| Horizontal span | 4 ns to 100 s |

Acquisition

| Acquisition mode | Normal, Precision ${ }^{21}$, Peak Detect, Deep memory (>60 million points) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Maximum sampling rate | $5 \mathrm{GSa} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| ENOB | 8.8 |
| Averaging (linear) | Off, 2 to 100 waveforms |
| Persistence | Off, 100 ms to 10 s, infinite |
| Interpolation | Linear, $\operatorname{Sin} X / X$, Gaussian |

[^16]
## Trigger

Trigger

| Trigger modes | Auto: | Triggers automatically after timeout (1 second if previously triggered, 0.05 seconds otherwise) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Normal: | Triggers only on trigger event |
|  | Single: | Triggers once on a trigger event. Press the play button to retrigger |
| Trigger sources | Input 1, In External | ut 2, Input 3, Input 4, Output 1, Output 2, Output 3, Output 4, |
| Nth event | Trigger on | the $1^{\text {st }}$ to $65,535^{\text {th }}$ event |
| Holdoff | 3.2 ns to | seconds |
| Trigger types | Edge: Ris <br> Pulse: Po <br> - 10 | g edge, falling edge, both edges tive / negative polarity .0 seconds > pulse width $>3.2$ nanoseconds |

Trigger sensitivity

| Sensitivity modes | Auto: | Automatically configures trigger sensitivity based on <br> horizontal and vertical scales <br> Select Noise Reject or high-frequency HF Reject options |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Manual: $\quad$ Manually configure trigger sensitivity |  |
| Manual modes | Relative, Absolute |  |
| Hysteresis | Relative: 0.01 div to 5.00 div |  |
|  | Absolute: $100 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ to 1.00 V |  |

## Measurements

## Measurements

| Time measurements | Frequency, phase, period, duty cycle, positive pulse width, negative <br> pulse width, rise time, fall time, rise rate, fall rate |
| :--- | :--- |
| Amplitude measurements | Peak-to-peak, amplitude, maximum, minimum, mean, cycle mean, RMS, <br> cycle RMS, standard deviation, high-level, low-level, overshoot, <br> undershoot, fringe visibility |
| Math | Add, subtract, multiply, divide, XY mode, integrate, differentiate, FFT, <br> min hold, max hold, arbitrary equation mode (using equation editor) |
| Visualizations | Histogram, time trend |
| Cursors | 5 per channel |
| Maximum voltage cursors | 5 per channel |
| Maximum time cursors | Manual, track mean, track maximum, track minimum, maximum hold, <br> minimum hold |
| Voltage cursor options | A single cursor can be set as a reference for differential <br> measurements using all other active cursors |
| User defined reference |  |

Integrated waveform synthesizer
Synthesizer

| Channels | 4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output impedance | $50 \Omega$ |
| Waveforms $^{22}$ | Sine, Square, Ramp, Pulse, Noise, DC |
| Output frequency range | 1 mHz to 500 MHz |
| Output voltage range | $>100 \mathrm{MHz:} 2 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {pp }}$ into $50 \Omega$ |
|  | 1 mHz to $100 \mathrm{MHz}: 10 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {pp }}$ into $50 \Omega$ |

[^17]
## Moku:Pro Phasemeter

## Description

Moku:Pro Phasemeter measures phase (relative to a reference clock) of up to four input signals with 1 nrad precision from 1 kHz up to 300 MHz . Based on a digitally implemented phase-locked loop architecture, Moku:Pro's Phasemeter provides exceptional dynamic range, zero deadtime, and measurement precision that exceeds the performance of conventional lock-in amplifiers and frequency counters.


## Features

- Four independent phasemeter channels with output options that track and record the phase, frequency, and amplitude of four independent signals
- Phase-locked output option enables you to generate sine waves that are phase locked to the inputs, with frequency division to $1 / 8^{\text {th }}$ or multiplication to $250 x$.
- Observe measurement data in the frequency domain using the Phasemeter's integrated spectral analysis toolkit
- Phase-locked loop tracking bandwidths from 1 Hz up to 1 MHz
- Drive measured phase to outputs with phase wrapping, or drive frequency offset or amplitude


## Specifications

## Inputs

Input characteristics

| Input frequency range | 1 kHz to 300 MHz |
| :--- | :--- |
| Input voltage range | $0.4 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {pp }}$ into $50 \Omega$ with 0 dB attenuation |
|  | $4 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {pp }}$ into $50 \Omega$ with 20 dB attenuation |
|  | $40 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {pp }}$ into $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ with 40 dB attenuation |
| Input impedance | $50 \Omega / 1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| Input coupling | $\mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC}$ |

## Measurement

Measurement characteristics

| Phase error | $0.1 \mu \mathrm{radian} / \mathrm{VHz} @ 10 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Phase precision | 1 nano radian |
| Frequency precision | $1 \mu \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Modes of operation | Auto-acquire Automatically determines input frequency for signals above 1 MHz |
|  | Manual Initializes the phasemeter to a specific frequency |
| Tracking bandwidth | $1 \mathrm{~Hz} / 10 \mathrm{~Hz} / 100 \mathrm{~Hz} / 1 \mathrm{kHz} / 10 \mathrm{kHz} / 100 \mathrm{kHz} / 1 \mathrm{MHz}$ (user selectable) |
| Advanced option | Phase wrapping, single input, auto-reset, invert, and user-configurable $\mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{cycle}$ output scaling |

## Data visualization

Visualizations Timeseries, Power Spectral Density, Amplitude Spectral Density, Coherence, Rayleigh Spectrum, Allan Deviation

## Outputs

Phase, frequency offset or amplitude output

| Channels | 4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Modes of operation | Sine wave (option to phase-lock to the input signal) <br> Drive measured signal phase, frequency offset, or amplitude with user- <br> defined scaling and configurable DC offset |
| Output range | 2 Vpp or 10 Vpp |

## Saving Data

## Saving data

Logging rates $\quad 37 \mathrm{Sa} / \mathrm{s}, 150 \mathrm{Sa} / \mathrm{s}, 596 \mathrm{Sa} / \mathrm{s}, 2.4 \mathrm{kSa} / \mathrm{s}, 19.1 \mathrm{kSa} / \mathrm{s}, 152 \mathrm{kSa} / \mathrm{s}$

## Saving data

| File format | Binary: Records data using a proprietary LI format for high-speed <br> data logging. |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Data saved using the LI format may be converted to other formats |
| when downloading from Moku. iPad can convert to .CSV, MATLAB or |  |
|  | NumPy. Desktop can convert to .CSV, MATLAB, NumPy or HDF5. |

## Synthesizer

Synthesizer ${ }^{23}$

| Channels | 4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output impedance | $50 \Omega$ |
| Waveform shape | Sine |
| Output modes | Manual, phase-locked to input signal, with scaling to $250 \times$ harmonic <br> or division to $1 / 8$ th |
| Sampling rate | $1.25 \mathrm{GSa} /$ ser channel |
| Voltage range | $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ into $50 \Omega$ |

[^18]
## Moku:Pro PID Controller

## Description

Moku:Pro PID Controller features four fully configurable PID controllers with an open loop bandwidth of 35.38 MHz . This enables them to be used in applications requiring both low and high feedback bandwidths such as laser temperature and current stabilization. The PID Controller can also be used as a lead-lag compensator by saturating the integral and differential controllers with independent gain settings.


## Features

- Four input channels, four output channels, and four independent PID Controllers with control matrix for MIMO
- Design the control system's frequency response using the interactive Bode plot in real time
- Block diagram view of the digital signal processing with built-in probe points in signal processing chain
- Advanced multi-section PID builder with single or double integrators and differentiators with low- and high-frequency gain saturation
- Integrated probe points for signal monitoring and data logging
- Observe and log signals at different stages in the digital signal processing chain using probe points ${ }^{24}$


## Specifications

## Inputs

Input characteristics

| Channels | 4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Input control matrix coefficients <br> (linear gain) | -20 to +20 |
| Input impedance | $50 \Omega / 1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| Input coupling | $\mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC}$ |
| Input attenuation | $0 \mathrm{~dB} / 20 \mathrm{~dB} / 40 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| Input voltage range | $0.4 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {pp }}$ into $50 \Omega$ with 0 dB attenuation |
|  | 4 V pp into $50 \Omega$ with 20 dB attenuation |
|  | $40 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~V}_{\text {pp }}$ into $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ with 40 dB attenuation |

Controller
General characteristics

| Gain profiles | Proportional (P), integral (I), differential (D), double-integral (I+), integral <br> saturation (IS), differential saturation (DS) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Maximum bandwidth | 150 kHz with a phase delay of $30^{\circ}$ |
| Input / output offset range | $\pm 1 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Output limit (AC + DC) | $\pm 1 \mathrm{~V}$ into $50 \Omega$ |
| Offset precision | $100 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ |

Gain characteristics

| Gain profiles | Proportional (P), integral (I), differential (D), double-integral (I+), integral <br> saturation (IS), differential saturation (DS) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Controller frequency range | DC to 40 MHz |
| Input / output offset range | $\pm 1 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Offset precision | $100 \mathrm{\mu V}$ |
| Proportional gain | $\pm 60 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| Integrator crossover frequency | 3.125 Hz to 312.5 kHz |
| Double integrator crossover | 3.125 Hz to integrator crossover frequency |
| frequency |  |
| Integral saturation level | Between proportional gain and +60 dB |
|  | The integrator saturation crossover frequency cannot be lower than |
|  | 3.125 Hz |
| Differentiator crossover frequency | 31.25 Hz to 3.125 MHz |

[^19]
## Gain characteristics

| Differentiator saturation level | Between proportional gain and +60 dB |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | The differentiator saturation crossover frequency cannot be higher |
| than 3.125 MHz |  |

## Moku:Pro Spectrum Analyzer

## Description

Moku:Pro Spectrum Analyzer allows you to observe input signals in the frequency domain between DC and 300 MHz with an ultralow noise floor. View four channels simultaneously with a resolution bandwidth as low as 2.2 Hz and a minimum span of 100 Hz . The Spectrum Analyzer also features four 500 MHz sinewave generators.


## Features

- Display and record power spectra or power spectral densities in the frequency domain from DC to 300 MHz
- Generate four sine waves up to 500 MHz using Moku:Pro's built-in analog outputs
- Quickly measure important metrics by dragging measurement cursors onto features of interest
- Live measurement functions: peak level, peak frequency, noise level, peak SNR, and occupied bandwidth


## Specifications

## Frequency

Frequency

| Range | DC to 300 MHz |
| :--- | :--- |
| Span | 100 Hz to 300 MHz |

## Resolution bandwidth (RBW)

| Modes | Auto | Automatically sets the RBW based on the current span and window function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Manual | Allows the user to manually set the RBW within the limits tolerated by the span and window function |
|  | Min | Sets the RBW at the minimum possible value for the current span and window function <br> The minimum RBW is 2.2 Hz |
| Windows | Rectangular, Bartlett, Hamming, Hann, Blackman-Harris. Flat top, Nuttall, Gaussian, Kaiser |  |

## Amplitude

## Voltage

| Channels | 4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Input coupling | $\mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC}$ |
| Input impedance | $50 \Omega / 1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| Input attenuation | $0 \mathrm{~dB} / 20 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| Input bandwidth $(-3 \mathrm{~dB})$ | $300 \mathrm{MHz} / 600 \mathrm{MHz}$ switchable |
| Input voltage range | $0.4 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {pp }}$ into $50 \Omega$ with 0 dB attenuation |
|  | $4 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pp}}$ into $50 \Omega$ with 20 dB attenuation |
|  | 40 V pp into $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ with 40 dB attenuation |

Display

| Scales | Vpp, Vrms, dBm, dBV |
| :--- | :--- |
| Display modes | Power, Power Spectral Density (PSD) |
| Video filter bandwidth (VBW) | 2.3 Hz to 3.1 MHz depending on span |
| Averages | 1 to 100 |
| Persistence | Off, 100 ms to 10 s , infinite |

Synthesizer
Synthesizer

| Channels | 4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output impedance | $50 \Omega$ |
| Waveforms ${ }^{25}$ | Sine |
| Output frequency range | 1 mHz to 500 MHz |
| Sweep mode | Sweeps the output frequency across the current span with a fixed <br> sweep period of 5 seconds |
| Output voltage range | $>100 \mathrm{MHz}: 2 \mathrm{Vpp}$ into $50 \Omega$ |
|  | 1 mHz to $100 \mathrm{MHz}: 10 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {pp }}$ into $50 \Omega$ |

[^20]
## Moku:Pro Waveform Generator

## Description

Moku:Pro Waveform Generator enables you to generate four independent waveforms with a maximum frequency of 500 MHz . Select between sine, square, ramp, pulsed, noise or DC waveform shapes. Highbandwidth modulation of phase, frequency, amplitude, or PWM, or generate triggered bursts or sweeps from an internal or external source.


## Features

- Generate four independent phase coherent waveforms from DC to 500 MHz .
- Five built-in waveforms: sine, square, ramp, pulse, noise, and DC.
- Broadband FM, AM, PM, and PWM modulation from internal waveform, cross-channel, or external input sources.
- Versatile trigger options: from input, dedicated TTL trigger port, or another channel.
- 10 MHz reference input and output.


## Common characteristics

Overview

| Channels | 4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Bandwidth (maximum output <br> frequency) | $500 \mathrm{MHz}\left(2 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pp}}\right.$ into $\left.50 \Omega\right), 100 \mathrm{MHz}\left(10 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pp}}\right.$ into $\left.50 \Omega\right)$ |
| Sampling rate | $1.25 \mathrm{GSa} /$ s per channel |
| Output impedance | $50 \Omega$ |
| Waveforms | Sine, Square, Ramp, Pulse, Noise, DC |

Amplitude

| Range | $1 \mathrm{mV}_{\mathrm{pp}}$ to $10 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pp}}$ into $50 \Omega$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Offset error | $<500 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ into $50 \Omega$ |
| Resolution | $100 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Units | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{pp}, \mathrm{dBm}}$ |

## DC offset

| Range (peak AC + DC) | $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ into $50 \Omega$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Resolution | $100 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ |

## Phase offset

| Range | $0^{\circ}$ to $360^{\circ}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Resolution | $0.000001^{\circ}$ |

## Waveform characteristics

## Sine

Frequency range $\quad 1 \mathrm{mHz}$ to 500 MHz

Square
Frequency range $\quad 1 \mathrm{mHz}$ to 150 MHz

Ramp

| Frequency range | 1 mHz to 150 MHz |
| :--- | :--- |
| Symmetry $^{26}$ | $16 \%$ to $84 \%$ at 100 MHz |
|  | $3.2 \%$ to $96.8 \%$ at 20 MHz |
|  | $0.8 \%$ to $99.2 \%$ at 5 MHz |

[^21]Pulse

| Frequency range | 1 mHz to 150 MHz |
| :--- | :--- |
| Period range | 1 ks to 6.7 ns |
| Pulse width | 2 ns to (period - edge time) |
| Edge time | 2 ns to pulse width |
| Edge time resolution | 1 ns |

## Noise

| Amplitude | Up to 10 Vpp, minimum 1 mV |
| :--- | :--- |
| Resolution | $100 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ |
| DC offset | Up to 4.998 V |

## Modulation

Amplitude

| Carrier waveforms | Sine, Square, Ramp, Pulse, Noise |
| :--- | :--- |
| Source | Ch1: Input 1, Input 2, Input 3, Input 4, Output 2, Output 3, Output 4, |
|  | Internal |
|  | Ch2: Input 1, Input 2, Input 3, Input 4, Output 1, Output 3, Output 4, |
|  | Internal |
|  | Ch3: Input 1, Input 2, Input 3, Input 4, Output 1, Output 2, Output 4, |
| Internal |  |
|  | Ch4: Input 1, Input 2, Input 3, Input 4, Output 1, Output 2, Output 3, |
|  | Internal |
| Internal modulation | Sine |
| Frequency | 1 mHz to 125 MHz |
| Depth | $0 \%$ to $100 \%$ |

## Frequency

| Carrier waveforms | Sine, Square, Ramp, Pulse |
| :--- | :--- |
| Source | Ch1: Input 1, Input 2, Input 3, Input 4, Output 2, Output 3, Output 4, <br> Internal <br> Ch2: Input 1, Input 2, Input 3, Input 4, Output 1, Output 3, Output 4, <br> Internal <br> Ch3: Input 1, Input 2, Input 3, Input 4, Output 1, Output 2, Output 4, <br> Internal <br> Ch4: Input 1, Input 2, Input 3, Input 4, Output 1, Output 2, Output 3, <br> Internal |
| Sine |  |
| Internal modulation | 1 mHz to 125 MHz |
| Frequency | 1 mHz to 500 MHz |
| Deviation |  |

Phase

| Carrier waveforms | Sine, Square, Ramp, Pulse |
| :--- | :--- |
| Source | Ch1: Input 1, Input 2, Input 3, Input 4, Output 2, Output 3, Output 4, <br> Internal <br> Ch2: Input 1, Input 2, Input 3, Input 4, Output 1, Output 3, Output 4, <br> Internal <br> Ch3: Input 1, Input 2, Input 3, Input 4, Output 1, Output 2, Output 4, <br> Internal <br> Ch4: Input 1, Input 2, Input 3, Input 4, Output 1, Output 2, Output 3, <br> Internal |
| Sine |  |
| Internal modulation | DC to 125 MHz |
| Frequency | $0.0^{\circ}$ to $360.0^{\circ}$ |

## Burst

| Modes of Operation | Start, N-Cycle, Gated |
| :--- | :--- |
| N-Cycle range | 1 to 1,000,000 |
| Trigger Sources | Ch1: Input 1, Input 2, Input 3, Input 4, Output 2, Output 3, Output 4, |
|  | Internal, External |
|  | Ch2: Input 1, Input 2, Input 3, Input 4, Output 1, Output 3, Output 4, |
|  | Internal, External |
|  | Ch3: Input 1, Input 2, Input 3, Input 4, Output 1, Output 2, Output 4, |
|  | Internal, External |
|  | Ch4: Input 1, Input 2, Input 3, Input 4, Output 1, Output 2, Output 3, |
|  | Internal, External |

## Sweep

| Sweep Frequency Start/End | Sine: 1 mHz to 500 MHz <br> Square, Ramp, Pulse: 1 mHz to 200 MHz |
| :---: | :---: |
| Sweep Time | 1 ms to 1 ks |
| Trigger Sources | Ch1: Input 1, Input 2, Input 3, Input 4, Output 2, Output 3, Output 4, External, Internal <br> Ch2: Input 1, Input 2, Input 3, Input 4, Output 1, Output 3, Output 4, External, Internal <br> Ch3: Input 1, Input 2, Input 3, Input 4, Output 1, Output 2, Output 4, External, Internal <br> Ch4: Input 1, Input 2, Input 3, Input 4, Output 1, Output 2, Output 3, External, Internal |
| Nominal Trigger Level | Input Channel: configurable <br> Output Channel: configurable <br> External trigger: 1.8 V |

## Pulse Width Modulation

Pulse Width Deviation Programmable pulse width deviation with warnings if pulse width <0 or exceeds pulse period

| PWM sources | Ch1: Input 1, Input 2, Input 3, Input 4, Output 2, Output 3, Output 4, |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Internal |
|  | Ch2: Input 1, Input 2, Input 3, Input 4, Output 1, Output 3, Output 4, |
|  | Internal |
|  | Ch3: Input 1, Input 2, Input 3, Input 4, Output 1, Output 2, Output 4, |
| Internal |  |
| Ch4: Input 1, Input 2, Input 3, Input 4, Output 1, Output 2, Output 3, |  |
| Internal |  |



## Moku:Pro Multi-Instrument Mode

## Description

Moku:Pro Multi-Instrument Mode enables to you deploy up to four instruments and operate them simultaneously. These instruments can exchange high-speed, low latency signals between themselves in the digital domain at $5 \mathrm{~Gb} / \mathrm{s}$. Source signals from the real world via the blended ADCs and drive signals to the real world via the high-speed digital-to-analog converters. Connect instrument slots to build customized signal processing chains or drop a custom configuration in one slot with Moku Cloud Compile.


## Features

- Configure four independent instruments, operating simultaneously
- Each of the instrument slots has two inputs and two outputs
- Flexible multiplexing allows all four slots to access all four ADC inputs and all four DAC outputs
- High-speed, $5 \mathrm{~Gb} /$ s inter-instrument communication with drag and drop setup
- Configurable input and output ranges, one-touch slot synchronization


## Common characteristics

Overview

| Instruments | Up to 4, each with 2 inputs and 2 outputs |
| :---: | :---: |
| Inputs / outputs | 4 analog inputs, 4 analog outputs |
| Input ranges | $0.4 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {pp }}$ into $50 \Omega$ with 0 dB attenuation $4 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pp}}$ into $50 \Omega$ with 20 dB attenuation $40 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pp}}$ into $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ with 40 dB attenuation |
| Input bandwidth | 300 MHz |
| Input sampling rate | 1.25 GSa/s per channel |
| Input impedance | $50 \Omega / 1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| Output ranges | $2 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {pp, }} 10 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {pp }}$ into $50 \Omega$ |
| Output bandwidth | 500 MHz at 2 V pp, 100 MHz at 10 V pp |
| Output sampling rate | 1.25 GSa/s per channel |
| Output impedance | $50 \Omega$ |

Instrument slot

| Inter-slot communication | 2 channels, each at 16 bits at $312.5 \mathrm{MHz} / 5 \mathrm{~Gb} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Available instruments | Arbitrary Waveform Generator |
|  | Data Logger |
|  | Digital Filter Box |
|  | FIR Filter Builder |
|  | Frequency Response Analyzer |
|  | Laser Lock Box |
|  | Lock-in Amplifier |
|  | Logic Analyzer |
|  | Oscilloscope |
|  | Phasemeter |
|  | PID Controller |
|  | Spectrum Analyzer |
|  | Waveform Generator |
|  | Moku Cloud Compile |
|  |  |

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[^0]:    ${ }^{1} 50 \Omega$ front-end impedance can only support input voltages up to $4 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {pp }}$.
    ${ }^{2}$ For Moku:Pro devices shipped prior to April 2022, corners are 16 kHz into $50 \Omega$ and 1.6 Hz into $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$.

[^1]:    ${ }^{3}$ The normalization feature can be used to isolate the magnitude and phase response of the system under test by compensating for deviations in magnitude and phase caused by delays (e.g., caused by cables) and the frequency response of the Moku:Pro's analog front end. As an alternative the $\operatorname{In} / \mathrm{In} 1$ mode may also be used, removing the need to take a normalization sweep.

[^2]:    ${ }^{4}$ See Moku:Pro Data Logger or Moku:Pro Oscilloscope for specifications on integrated instruments

[^3]:    ${ }^{5}$ See Moku:Pro Data Logger or Moku:Pro Oscilloscope for specifications on integrated instruments

[^4]:    ${ }^{6}$ See Moku:Pro Data Logger or Moku:Pro Oscilloscope for specifications on integrated instruments

[^5]:    ${ }^{7}+24 \mathrm{~dB}$ and +48 dB input gains are applied digitally and can be used to maximize the Laser Lock Box's dynamic range for weak input signals

[^6]:    ${ }^{8}$ Applies to Chebyshev I and Elliptical filter types.
    ${ }^{9}$ Applies to Chebyshev II and Elliptical filter types.

[^7]:    ${ }^{10}$ See Moku:Pro Data Logger or Moku:Pro Oscilloscope for specifications on integrated instruments

[^8]:    ${ }^{11}$ For Moku:Pro devices shipped prior to April 2022, corners are 16 kHz into $50 \Omega$ and 1.6 Hz into $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$.

[^9]:    ${ }^{12}$ Only one output may have a PID controller enabled at a time

[^10]:    ${ }^{13}$ The Moku:Pro Logic Analyzer Pattern Generator is currently only supported in Multi-instrument Mode. These specifications are for a single Logic Analyzer instrument slot. Each Logic Analyzer instrument slot will add another input and two outputs.
    ${ }^{14}$ The Logic Analyzer input and output channels show 16 bits. The bits are ordered from least significant (Bit 0) to most significant (Bit 15). Each bit is added together to create the waveform for that input or output, they are not individual channels.

[^11]:    ${ }^{15}$ The Moku:Pro does not have a dedicated Digital I/O header like the Moku:Go does. Instead, it uses the BNC analog inputs and then converts the analog signal to a 16-bit digital signal or inter-slot 16-bit digital signals.

[^12]:    ${ }^{16}$ Some protocols like $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ and $I^{2} S$ require the user to select a bit for their input data to the protocol decoder. Ensure the bits labelled on the interface match the bits you set for your input data.

[^13]:    ${ }^{17}$ The Moku：Pro Logic Analyzer Pattern Generator is currently only supported in Multi－instrument Mode．These specifications are for a Single－instrument Mode Logic Analyzer．
    ${ }^{18}$ The Logic Analyzer input and output channels show 16 bits．The bits are ordered from least significant（Bit 0）to most significant（Bit 15）． Each bit is added together to create the waveform for that input or output，they are not individual channels．

[^14]:    ${ }^{19}$ The Moku:Pro does not have a dedicated Digital I/O header like the Moku:Go does. Instead, it uses the BNC analog inputs and then converts the analog signal to a digital signal using the user provided threshold range.

[^15]:    ${ }^{20}$ Some protocols like $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ and $1^{2}$ S require the user to select a bit for their input data to the protocol decoder. Ensure the bits labelled on the interface match the bits you set for your input data.

[^16]:    ${ }^{21}$ Precision mode samples the waveform at the full rate and applies a finite impulse response (FIR) lowpass filter to attenuate noise above the usable bandwidth of the measurement sampling rate and prevent aliasing.

[^17]:    ${ }^{22}$ Modulation not available for waveforms synthesized using the oscilloscope instrument.

[^18]:    ${ }^{23}$ Where not stated, the Phasemeter's synthesizer specifications match those of the Moku:Pro Waveform Generator instrument.

[^19]:    ${ }^{24}$ See Moku:Pro Data Logger or Moku:Pro Oscilloscope for specifications on integrated instruments

[^20]:    ${ }^{25}$ Modulation not available for waveforms synthesized using the oscilloscope instrument.

[^21]:    ${ }^{26}$ Symmetry is limited by the minimum rise time of 2 ns and number of harmonics required to maintain a linearity of more than $99 \%$.

